

Flight of the FINCH through the Java Wilderness

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2010 HUMIES
July 9, GECCO, Portland



Evolved program computing $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x$:

```
class SimpleSymbolicRegression_0_7199 {
    Number simpleRegression(Number num) {
        double d = num.doubleValue();
        d = num.doubleValue();
        double d1 = d; d = Double.valueOf(d + d * d *
            num.doubleValue()).doubleValue();
        return Double.valueOf(d +
            (d = num.doubleValue()) * num.doubleValue());
    }

    /* Rest of class unchanged */
}
```



Evolved program computing $x^9 + x^8 + \dots + x^2 + x$:

```
Number simpleRegression(Number num) {  
    double d = num.doubleValue();  
    return Double.valueOf(d + (d * (d * (d +  
        ((d = num.doubleValue()) +  
            ((num.doubleValue() * (d = d) + d) *  
                d + d) * d + d) * d)  
        * d) + d) + d) * d);  
}
```




Evolved program solving Intertwined Spirals problem:

uses sign of $\sin\left(\frac{9}{4}\pi^2\sqrt{x^2+y^2} - \tan^{-1}\frac{y}{x}\right)$

```
boolean isFirst(double x, double y) {
    double a, b, c, e;
    a = Math.hypot(x, y); e = y;
    c = Math.atan2(y, b = x) +
        -(b = Math.atan2(a, -a))
        * (c = a + a) * (b + (c = b));
    e = -b * Math.sin(c);
    if (e < -0.0056126487018762772) {
        b = Math.atan2(a, -a);
        b = Math.atan2(a * c + b, x); b = x;
        return false;
    }
    else
        return true;
}
```



Compare with Koza's best-of-run:

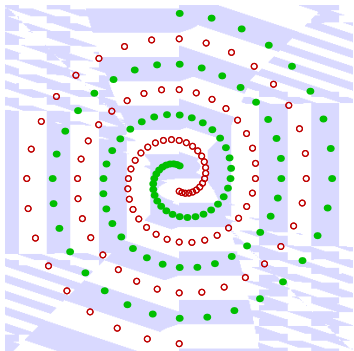
```
(sin (iflte (iflte (+ Y Y) (+ X Y) (- X Y) (+ Y Y)) (* X X)
(sin (iflte (% Y Y) (% (sin (sin (% Y 0.30400002)))) X) (% Y
0.30400002) (iflte (iflte (% (sin (% (% Y (+ X Y))
0.30400002)) (+ X Y)) (% X -0.10399997) (- X Y) (* (+
-0.12499994 -0.15999997) (- X Y))) 0.30400002 (sin (sin
(iflte (% (sin (% (% Y 0.30400002) 0.30400002)) (+ X Y))
(% (sin Y) Y) (sin (sin (sin (% (sin X) (+ -0.12499994
-0.15999997)))))) (% (+ (+ X Y) (+ Y Y)) 0.30400002))))
(+ (+ X Y) (+ Y Y)))) (sin (iflte (iflte Y (+ X Y) (- X Y)
(+ Y Y)) (* X X) (sin (iflte (% Y Y) (% (sin (sin (% Y
0.30400002)))) X) (% Y 0.30400002) (sin (sin (iflte (iflte
(sin (% (sin X) (+ -0.12499994 -0.15999997))) (% X
-0.10399997) (- X Y) (+ X Y)) (sin (% (sin X) (+
-0.12499994 -0.15999997))) (sin (sin (% (sin X) (+
-0.12499994 -0.15999997)))) (+ (+ X Y) (+ Y Y)))))) (%
Y 0.30400002))))))
```

Tree GP vs. FINCH

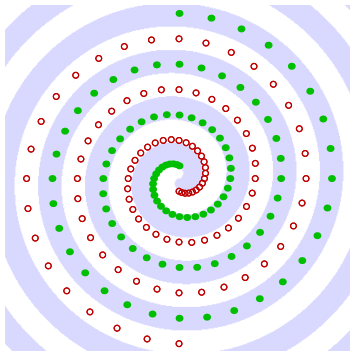


And compare the phenotypes:

Koza's:



Ours:



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Evolved program computing sum of values in array: (loop solution)

```
int sumlist(int list[]) {
    int sum = 0;
    int size = list.length;
    for (int tmp = 0; tmp < list.length; tmp++) {
        size = tmp;
        sum = sum - (0 - list[tmp]);
    }
    return sum;
}
```

Yes, FINCH can handle loops...



Evolved program computing sum of values in array: (List solution)

```
int sumlist(List list) {
    int sum = 0;
    int size = list.size();
    for (Iterator iterator = list.iterator();
         iterator.hasNext(); ) {
        int tmp = ((Integer) iterator.next())
                 .intValue();

        tmp = tmp + sum;
        if (tmp == list.size() + sum)
            sum = tmp;
        sum = tmp;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

Yes, FINCH can handle Java 5.0 constructs...



Evolved program computing sum of values in array: (recursive solution)

```
int sumlistrec(List list) {
    int sum = 0;
    if (list.isEmpty())
        sum = sum;
    else
        sum += ((Integer)list.get(0)).intValue() +
            sumlistrec(list.subList(1, list.size()));
    return sum;
}
```

Yes, FINCH can handle recursion...



- We can turn **bad** (seeds) into **good** (programs)
- Input: **Good** program implementing sophisticated Minimax algorithm to play Tic-Tac-Toe.
- Problem: Programmer made a small, insidious, very hard-to-detect error.
- Can FINCH save the day?

- We implemented four errors:
All were easily swept away by FINCH.

The Insidious Errors



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```
1 int negamaxAB(TicTacToeBoard board,
2     int alpha, int beta, boolean save) {
3     Position[] free = getFreeCells(board);
4     // utility is derived from the number of free cells left
5     if (board.getWinner() != null)
6         alpha = utility(board, free);
7     else if (free.length == 0)
8         alpha = 0; save = false;
9     else for (Position move: free) {
10        TicTacToeBoard copy = board.clone();
11        copy.play(move.row(), move.col(),
12                copy.getTurn());
13        int utility = - (removed) negamaxAB(copy,
14                -beta, -alpha, false save );
15        if (utility > alpha) {
16            alpha = utility;
17            if (save)
18                // save the move into a class instance field
19                chosenMove = move;
20            if (alpha >= beta beta >= alpha )
21                break;
22        }
23    }
24    return alpha;
25 }
```



(G) The result solves a problem of indisputable difficulty in its field.

- There is a widely recognized need for automatic improvement of existing software.
- Improving software is indisputably difficult (G) (Did anybody say 'difficult'? Merely 'difficult'?)
- No technique previously existed that allowed the automatic improvement of **unrestricted** software written in a **widely used**, real-life programming language.
- And along came FINCH...

Why is Result Best?



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- Our work aims at one of the hardest problems known to (and created by) man: software design.
- Given the size and importance of the software industry, any step taken toward automating the programmer's task could impact society in ways far outreaching the boundaries of evolutionary computation.

Why is Result Best? (cont'd)



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- “Judiciously used, digital evolution can substantially augment the cognitive limits of human designers and can find novel (possibly counterintuitive) solutions to complex . . . system design problems.”

(Recent study by US DoD on futuristic systems)

- FINCH represents a significant step on the (long) path toward full-fledged **Darwinian Software Development**.

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“I believe that in about fifty years’ time it will be possible, to programme computers . . . to make them play the imitation game so well that an average interrogator will not have more than 70 per cent. chance of making the right identification after five minutes of questioning.”

*A. M. Turing, “Computing machinery and intelligence,”
Mind, 59(236), 433-460, Oct. 1950*



“... despite its current widespread use, there was, within living memory, equal skepticism about whether compiled code could be trusted. If a similar change of attitude to evolved code occurs over time ...”

*M. Harman, “Automated patching techniques: The fix is in,”
Communications of the ACM, 53(5), 108, May 2010*



We believe that in about fifty years' time it will be possible, to program computers. . . by means of evolution.

Not merely **possible** but indeed **prevalent**.

Turing was wrong—will we be?



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To find out, please register for GECCO 2060.





M. Orlov and M. Sipper. **Genetic programming in the wild: Evolving unrestricted bytecode.** Proceedings of GECCO 2009.

M. Orlov and M. Sipper. **Flight of the FINCH through the Java wilderness.** IEEE Transactions on Evolutionary Computation, 2010 (in press).

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